

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge

December 31, 2019



Statement of Administrative Responsibility

The management of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge have prepared the accompanying financial statements and are responsible for their accuracy and integrity. These statements consolidate all operations for which the Municipality has legislative and financial responsibility. The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted for the public sector as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board [PSAB] of Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, the administration has developed and maintains a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that Municipal assets are safeguarded from loss and that the accounting records are a reliable basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Municipal Council reviews and approves the financial statements before such statements are submitted to the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing and published for the residents of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge. The external auditors have access to, and meet with Municipal Council to discuss their audit and the results of their examination.

The 2019 Financial Statements have been reported on by The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge's external auditors, Grant Thornton LLP, the auditors appointed by Municipal Council. The auditors' report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on the presentation of the information included in the financial statements.

Lucy Kloosterhuis, Mayor

Wayne Hanchard, CAO

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge ("the Municipality"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge as at December 31, 2019, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the Municipality and the organizations it controls to
 express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible
 for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Canada May 12, 2020

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,419,949	2,550,837
Investments [note 3]	1,068,746	491,331
Taxes receivable	804,165	1,231,747
Accounts receivable	291,839	254,377
User charges receivable	100,532	89,283
Loans receivable [note 4]	657,194	674,579
Total financial assets	7,342,425	5,292,154
LIADULTICO		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,153,795	513,599
Deferred revenue [note 5]	283,688	275,087
Employee future benefits	203,000	5,309
Landfill closure and post-closure liability [note 9]	33,975	41,414
Debt [note 8]	2,639,319	-1,-1-
Total liabilities	4,110,777	835,409
	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	3,231,648	4,456,745
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets - net [note 10] [schedule		
2]	35,134,640	32,256,136
Prepaid expenses	-	8,783
	00.000.000	00.704.004
Accumulated surplus [schedule 1]	38,366,288	36,721,664

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
	[note 14]		
REVENUES [schedule 3]			
Taxation			
Residential and farm taxation	6,431,668	6,477,849	6,257,354
Commercial and industrial	1,060,565	1,072,627	983,910
Taxation from other governments	123,894	122,855	121,444
	7,616,127	7,673,331	7,362,708
User charges			
Other fees and service charges	350,970	453,377	318,412
	7,967,097	8,126,708	7,681,120
Government transfers	400.450	705.040	000 074
Government of Canada	402,159	785,012	386,374
Province of Ontario	1,345,640	2,032,563	1,565,492
	1,747,799	2,817,575	1,951,866
Other			
Donations	2,000	10,038	11,633
Penalties and late payment charges	175,000	172,657	181,837
Rents and concessions	213,000	210,147	217,695
Other	· -	(4,525)	(2,661)
Sale of land, publications and		, , ,	,
equipment	21,865	21,358	24,832
Investment income	51,450	131,683	106,596
	463,315	541,358	539,932
Total revenues	10,178,211	11,485,641	10,172,918

	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$ [note 14]	\$	\$
	[11010 14]		
EXPENSES [note 11] [schedule 3]			
General government	1,347,651	1,227,591	1,165,805
Protection to persons and property	1,819,741	1,749,798	1,808,484
Transportation services	3,079,201	3,128,860	3,663,591
Environmental services	532,909	558,650	528,985
Health services	672,043	751,350	680,929
Social and family services	929,723	914,366	889,722
Recreation and cultural services	767,362	813,483	983,717
Planning and development	178,162	215,001	235,000
	9,326,792	9,359,099	9,956,233
NET REVENUE BEFORE UNDERNOTED			
ITEM	851,419	2,126,542	216,685
0.0			
Other			
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible capital		(404.040)	47.075
assets	-	(481,918)	47,875
Annual aurolua	054 440	4 644 624	264 560
Annual surplus	851,419	1,644,624 36,721,664	264,560 36,457,104
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		30,121,004	30,437,104
Accumulated surplus, end of year	851,419	38,366,288	36,721,664

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
	[note 14]		
Annual surplus	851,419	1,644,624	264,560
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(2,870,944)	(5,419,631)	(2,916,441)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,010,679	2,010,679	2,720,825
Proceeds from sale of tangible capital assets	-	48,530	47,875
Loss (gain) on sale of tangible capital assets	-	481,918	(47,875)
Use (acquisition) of prepaid expenses	-	8,783	(8,783)
(Decrease) increase in net financial assets	(8,846)	(1,225,097)	60,161
Net financial assets, beginning of year	-	4,456,745	4,396,584
Net financial assets, end of year	(8,846)	3,231,648	4,456,745

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
OPERATIONS		
Annual surplus	1,644,624	264,560
Non-cash charges		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2,010,679	2,720,825
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	(7,439)	(41,278)
Loss (gain) on sale of tangible capital assets	481,918	(47,875
	4,129,782	2,896,232
Net change in non-cash working capital balances		
Increase in investments	(577,415)	(8,057
Decrease in taxes receivable	427,582	41,519
Increase in accounts receivable	(37,462)	(131,836)
Increase in user charges receivable	(11,249)	(45,205)
Decrease in loans receivable	17,385	-
Increase in accounts payable and accrued		
liabilities	640,196	61,801
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	8,601	(61,758)
Decrease in employee future benefits	(5,309)	(5,970)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	8,783	(8,783)
Cash provided by operating transactions	4,600,894	2,737,943
CAPITAL		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(5,419,631)	(2,916,441)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	48,530	47,875
Cash used in capital transactions	(5,371,101)	(2,868,566)
FINANCING		
Repayment of long term debt	-	(372,849
Loan issued, net of repayment	-	(401,807
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,639,319	-
Cash provided by (used in) financing		
transactions	2,639,319	(774,656)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,869,112	(905,279
Opening cash and cash equivalents	2,550,837	3,456,116
1	4,419,949	2,550,837

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

GENERAL

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge is a municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada. It conducts its operations guided by the provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act and related legislation.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge are prepared by management in accordance with accounting policies generally accepted for the local government as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the CPA. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

[a] Basis of consolidation

Reporting entity

These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and accumulated surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, local boards, and committees accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources, to the Municipality, and which are owned or controlled by the Municipality. Accordingly, the following are consolidated in these financial statements.

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Stanley Hill Cemetery Board Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board

All interfund balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Government partnerships

Certain organizations in which the Municipality participates are accounted for on a proportionate consolidation basis, consistent with the treatment for government partnerships. Under the proportionate consolidation basis of accounting, the Municipality pro-rata share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses that are subject to shared control is combined on a line-by-line basis with similar items in the Municipality's financial statements. The entity that is accounted for in this manner is:

Lakehead Rural Planning Board

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

Local boards

The financial activities of certain entities associated with the Municipality are not consolidated. The Municipality's contribution to these entities are recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus. The entities that are accounted for in this manner are:

Thunder Bay District Health Unit
The District of Thunder Bay Social Services Administration Board

Trust funds

Certain assets have been conveyed or assigned to the Municipality to be administered as directed by agreement or statute. The Municipality holds the assets for the benefit of and stand in fiduciary relationship to the beneficiaries, as a result, the trust funds and assets are excluded from the their financial statements.

Accounting for school board transactions

The taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

[b] Basis of accounting

Accrual accounting

The Municipality uses the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes the effect of transactions and events in the period in which the transactions and events occur, regardless of whether there has been a receipt or payment of cash or its equivalent. It recognizes a liability until the obligation or conditions underlying the liability is partly or wholly satisfied and recognizes an asset until the future economic benefit underlying the asset is partly or wholly used or lost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balances in banks.

Investments

Investments are recorded at the lower of cost plus accrued interest and market value.

Pension and employee benefits

The Municipality accounts for its participation in the Ontario Municipal Employee Retirement System ("OMERS"), a multi-employer defined benefit plan, as a defined contribution plan. Post-employment benefits are charged to operations in the year earned.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the net expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

[a] Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and write-downs, if any. Cost includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 40 years
Machinery and equipment 10 to 20 years
Other 10 years
Roads 5 to 30 years
Underground and other networks
Vehicles 15 to 100 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use, at which time they are transferred to their respective tangible capital asset categories.

[b] Contribution of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of transfer.

[c] Tangible capital assets recognized at nominal value

Certain assets have been assigned a nominal value of one dollar, because of the difficulty of determining a tenable valuation. The most significant of such assets are the Municipality's road allowances.

[d] Capitalization of interest

The Municipality has a policy of capitalizing borrowing costs incurred when financing the acquisition of a tangible capital asset, for those interest costs incurred up to the date the asset goes into use.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

[e] Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property to the Municipality are accounted for as the acquisition of a capital asset and the incurrence of an obligation. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

Reserves and reserve funds

Council segregates its accumulated surplus into various categories including reserves and reserve funds which are specifically for future operating and capital purposes.

Taxation revenue

Taxes are recognized as assets and revenue when they meet the definition of an asset, are authorized and the taxable event occurs, which for property taxes is the period for which the tax is levied.

At each financial statement date, management evaluates the extent to which its taxes receivable are ultimately collectible and valuation allowances are used to reflect taxes receivable at their net recoverable amount.

At each financial statement date, management evaluates the likelihood of having to repay taxes collected under tax measures that have been deemed authorized using the concept of legislative convention and recognizes a liability when required. Related refunds are accounted for in the period in which the change in estimate occurs.

Goverment transfers

Government transfers are transfers of monetary assets or tangible capital assets from a government to an individual, an organization or another government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, expected to be repaid in the future or expected to produce a direct financial return. Government transfers received are recognized in the financial statements as revenue when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met except when there is a stipulation that gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. In that case, the transfer is recorded as a liability and recognized as revenue as the stipulations are met.

Government transfers made to a recipient by the Municipality are recorded as an expense when they are authorized and the recipient meets all eligibility criteria.

The Municipality receives Gas Tax proceeds from the Federal Government through the Association of Municipalities of Ontario. These funds, by their nature, are restricted in their use and, until applied to specific expenses, are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying projects are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

Revenue recognition

User charges and other revenues are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related services are performed. Amounts collected for which the related services have yet to be performed are recognized as a liability and recognized as revenue when the related services are performed.

Investment income earned on surplus funds are reported as revenue in the period earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the deferred revenue balance.

Funds received, other than government transfers and tax revenue, for specific purposes which are externally restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and are not available for general purposes are accounted for as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The revenue is recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

Landfill closure and post-closure liability

The obligation to close and maintain solid waste landfill sites is based on the estimated future expenses in current dollars, adjusted for estimated inflation and is charged to expenses as the landfill site's capacity is used.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and actions that the Municipality may undertake in the future. Significant accounting estimates include estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets and solid waste landfill closure and post-closure liabilities. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2. TRUST FUNDS

Trust funds administered by the Municipality amounting to \$200,784 [2018 - \$197,006] have not been included in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position nor have their operations been included in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of a money market fund with the One Investment Program.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The loans receivable bear interest at 3.75%, with \$258,801 maturing in 2042 and \$398,393 maturing in 2043 and fixed monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,414 and \$2,118, respectively.

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Obligatory reserve funds	000 400	050 507
Recreational purposes Rural Heritage Agricultural proceeds	262,438 21,250	252,587 22,500
Nural Fleritage Agricultural proceeds	283,688	275,087
	203,000	213,001

The continuity of deferred revenue is as follows:

	2019		2019			2018
	Government Transfers \$	Parkland \$	Total \$	Total \$		
Balance, beginning of year Investment income	22,500	252,587 5,904	275,087 5,904	336,845 4,626		
Gas Tax revenue earned	(731,242)	-	(731,242)	(365,140)		
Gas Tax proceeds	731,242	-	731,242	365,140		
Subdivider contributions to						
Parkland	-	7,000	7,000	21,000		
Parkland revenues earned	-	(3,053)	(3,053)	(16,175)		
Rural Heritage Agricultural				, ,		
proceeds	(1,250)	-	(1,250)	(1,250)		
OCIF revenue earned	(287,252)	-	(287, 252)	(181,841)		
OCIF proceeds	287,252	-	287,252	`111,882 [´]		
Balance, end of year	21,250	262,438	283,688	275,087		

6. TEMPORARY LOANS

The Municipality has available a line of credit of \$1,000,000 [2018 - \$1,000,000] for which the Municipality has provided a borrowing by-law and signed advisory letter of which \$nil [2018 - \$nil] was borrowed at year-end. Interest on the line of credit is calculated at bank prime less 0.5% [3.45% at year-end].

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

7. PENSION AGREEMENTS

The Municipality makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of certain members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. The amount contributed to OMERS for 2019 was \$116,598 [2018 - \$102,315] for current service.

8. DEBT

[a] The balance of debt reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is made up of the following:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Toronto-Dominion Bank		
Debenture payable for Oliver Road project,		
repayable monthly at \$57,388 including interest at 2.11%, maturing December 16,		
2023	2,639,319	-
		\$
2020		639,122
2021		652,739
2022		666,645
2023		680,813
		2,639,319

- [b] Those loans approved after January 1, 2019 were approved by by-law. The annual principal and interest payments required to service these liabilities were within the annual debt repayment limit prescribed by the Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation.
- [c] Total interest charges for debt reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus are \$nil.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE

The main components of the landfill closure plan includes final capping using selected specific layers of impermeable materials based on an engineered cap design and implementation of a drainage management plan and gas management plan. The post-closure care requirements will involve cap maintenance, groundwater monitoring, gas management system operation and maintenance, and annual inspections and reports as in accordance with Ministry of Environment regulations.

The estimated liability for this care is the present value for future cash flows associated with closure and post-closure costs discounted using the estimate Municipality's lending rate at December 31, 2019 of 3.95%. The change in the recorded liability is \$7,439 [2018 - \$41,278] based on a total estimated undiscounted outflow in the future of \$8,751,225 [2018 - \$3,752,342], leaving an amount to be recognized in the future of \$8,717,250 [2018 - \$3,710,928] over the closure and post-closure period. An amount of \$1,082,909 [2018 - \$1,058,174] has been provided in the reserve fund for municipal landfill to fund this liability and future landfill expansion [Schedule 1]. The liability is expected to be funded through budget allocations to a landfill reserve over the remaining life of the landfill.

The estimated remaining lives of the sites are approximately 55 and 134 years. The remaining capacities are estimated to be 356,709 and 427,880 cubic metres. Post-closure care is estimated to continue for a period of approximately 20 years.

10. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Schedule 2 provides information on the tangible capital assets of the Municipality by major asset class, as well as accumulated amortization of the assets controlled.

During the year, there were no write-downs of assets [2018 - \$nil].

Interest capitalized during 2019 was \$nil [2018 - \$nil].

Tangible capital assets contributed to the Municipality totalled \$nil [2018 - \$nil] and were capitalized at their fair value at time of receipt. There were no contributed tangible capital assets in 2019 [2018 - \$nil].

Certain assets were recorded at a nominal value on adoption of tangible capital assets due to the difficulty in determining an appropriate value. This includes the land right-of-way relating to the roads network. There are 1,500 segments assigned a value of \$1 each. Other assets include historical equipment and buildings inherited from the Municipality's predecessor, with an assigned value of \$1 [2018 - \$1].

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Municipality provides a wide range of services to its citizens. The schedule of segment disclosure provides a breakdown of the annual surplus (deficit) reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus by major reporting segment. The segments correspond to the major functional categories used in the Municipality's Financial Information Return, which include the following activities:

General government

General government comprises various administrative services, including finance, corporate services, and Mayor and Council.

Protection to persons and property

Protection to persons and property is comprised of police services, fire services and protective inspection and control. The police services are contracted from the City of Thunder Bay. The Fire Services Department is responsible for fire suppressions; fire prevention programs, training and education related to prevention, detection or extinguishment of fires. Protective inspection and control ensures an acceptable quality of building construction and maintenance of properties through enforcement of construction codes, building standards and by-laws for the protection of occupants. Protection to persons and property also includes the Municipality's contribution to the Lakehead Region Conservation Authority, which provides management and stewardship over the watershed.

Transportation services

Transportation services include roadways, winter control and street lighting. Roadways covers the delivery of municipal public works services related to the planning, development and maintenance of roadway systems, culverts, and sidewalks. Winter control includes snowplowing, sanding and salting, snow removal and flood control. Street lighting plans develops and maintains the street lighting system.

Environmental services

Environmental services consist of waterworks, waste disposal and recycling. Waterworks provides drinking water to some citizens of Rosslyn in the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge. Waste disposal and recycling includes landfill site operations and waste minimization programs.

Health services

Health services includes public health services and ambulance services. Public health services represents the Municipality's contributions to the activities of the Thunder Bay District Health Unit. In response to the health needs of the community, the Thunder Bay District Health Unit provides health information and prevention-related clinical services to people of all ages; advocates for healthy public policy; protects citizens by investigating reportable diseases and upholds regulations that apply to public health. Ambulance services represents the Municipality's contributions to Superior North Emergency Medical Services, which provides emergency medical response to the community.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

Social and family services

Social and family services represents the Municipality's contributions to the activities of The District of Thunder Bay Social Services Administration Board (TBDSSAB). TBDSSAB is responsible for Ontario Works program delivery, child care services and social housing.

Recreation and cultural services

Recreation and cultural services include parks, recreation programs and facilities, public library, museum and contributions to cultural organizations. The Municipality provides public services that contribute to neighbourhood development and sustainability through the provision of recreation and leisure services, the development and maintenance of various recreational facilities and the maintenance of parks and open spaces. The public library is dedicated to providing community access to local and global information resources that support lifelong learning, research and leisure activities. The Municipality makes contributions to various cultural organizations under specific funding programs.

Planning and development

The Municipality manages development for business interest, environmental concerns, heritage matters, local neighbourhoods and the various urban and rural areas through planning and community development and approval of all land development plans.

For additional information see the Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure [Schedule 3].

12. RESERVES AND RESERVE FUNDS

The continuity of reserves and reserve funds which make up a part of accumulated surplus noted in Schedule 1 is as follows:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Reserves		
Balance, beginning of year	3,073,979	3,463,760
Increases		
Transfers from operations	1,424,659	692,704
Decreases		
Transfers to operations	74,463	1,082,485
Balance, end of year	4,424,175	3,073,979

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Reserve funds		
Balance, beginning of year	1,432,983	1,392,295
Increases		
Transfers from operations	14,874	58,638
Interest earned '	30,486	23,350
	45,360	81,988
Decreases		
Transfers to operations	1,020	41,300
Balance, end of year	1,477,323	1,432,983

13. DESIGNATED ASSETS

Of the cash and cash equivalents and investments reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the Council has designated \$1,477,322 [2018 - \$1,432,983] to support reserve funds.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

14. BUDGET FIGURES

Public Sector Accounting Standards require a comparison of the results for the period with those originally planned on the same basis as that used for actual results. The fiscal plan in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus has been adjusted to be presented on a consistent basis as actual results. Below is a reconciliation of the figures from the approved fiscal plan to the fiscal plan per the financial statements:

	Approved Fiscal		Fiscal Plan per Financial
	Plan	Adjustments	Statements
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues			
Taxation	7,616,127	-	7,616,127
User Charges	350,970	-	350,970
Government transfers	1,747,799	-	1,747,799
Other	1,257,195	(793,880)	463,315
	10,972,091	(793,880)	10,178,211
Expenses			
General government	1,410,817	(63,166)	1,347,651
Protection to persons and property	1,835,183	(15,442)	1,819,741
Transportation services	4,259,326	(1,180,125)	3,079,201
Environmental services	923,028	(390,119)	532,909
Health services	672,14 4	(101)	672,043
Social and family services	929,723	` -	929,723
Recreation and cultural services	770,325	(2,963)	767,362
Planning and development	171,545	6,617	178,162
	10,972,091	(1,645,299)	9,326,792
Annual deficit	-	851,419	851,419
Interfund transfers	(628,846)	(628,846)	
Capital items	2,870,944	2,870,944	
Debt repayments	620,000	620,000	
Amortization	-	(2,010,679)	
Approved surplus (deficit)	2,862,098	851,419	

15. COMPARATIVE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The comparative consolidated financial statements have been reclassified from statements previously presented to conform to the presentation of the 2019 consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Since December 31, 2019, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The Municipality has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Municipality for future periods.

To date, Municipality has taken the following actions in response to the pandemic:

- [a] Between March 13 and March 17, 2020, the Municipality's recreational facilities and parks were closed until further notice. The Municipality is anticipating a temporary reduction in its workforce at these facilities. The Municipality expects the reduction in positions to reduce salaries and benefits expense in 2020.
- [b] On March 27, 2020, the Municipality announced that it would waive interest charges on the 2020 interim tax instalments until June 30, 2020. Council may extend the grace period based on the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic impact.

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Schedule 1 Consolidated Schedule of Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Surpluses		
Library	3,444	5,319
Investment in tangible capital assets	35,134,640	32,256,136
Unfunded		
Debt	(2,639,319)	-
Employee future benefits and other long-		/F 000)
term liabilities	(00.075)	(5,309)
Landfill closure and post-closure liabilities	(33,975)	(41,444)
Total surpluses	32,464,790	32,214,702
Reserves set aside for specific purposes by		
Council		
For working capital	1,841,663	1,019,421
For acquisition of capital assets or capital		
expenditure	2,502,329	1,980,375
For recreation programs and facilities	25,595	25,595
For cemetery development	29,917	29,917
For Murillo Hall	18,479	18,479
For elections	6,192	192
Total reserves	4,424,175	3,073,979
Reserve funds set aside for specific purposes by		
Council		
For administration activities	49,235	48,110
For Oliver Road	5,367	5,245
For other recreation activities	31,885	31,156
For Kakabeka Community Centre building	29,512	29,285
For acquisition of fire department capital assets	34,738	29,182
Reserve fund for winter control	54,738 51,061	49,895
Reserve fund for municipal landfill	1,082,909	1,058,174
Reserve fund for museum development	84,457	72,757
For building department	108,159	109,179
Total reserve funds	1,477,323	1,432,983
A commutate di cumpluo		· · · · · ·
Accumulated surplus	38,366,288	36,721,664

Schedule 2

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets Year ended December 31, 2019

				General					Infrastructure		Tot	als
	Land \$	Land Improvements \$	Buildings \$	Vehicles \$	Machinery and Equipment	Other \$	Assets Under Construction \$	Roads \$	Jnderground and Other Networks \$	Machinery and Equipment \$	2019 \$	2018 \$
COST Balance, beginning of year Add	3,738,392	221,451	7,455,590	3,120,883	2,082,915	176,624	-	62,733,403	8,662,554	409,593	88,601,405	85,763,443
Additions during the year Less	-	-	109,584	423,702	56,980	17,963	-	4,718,210	-	93,192	5,419,631	2,916,441
Disposals in the year Reclassification of tangible capital	179,504	-	-	80,177	12,505	-	-	3,171,584	-	-	3,443,770	78,479
assets	-	-	-	(58,537)	58,537	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance, end of year	3,558,888	221,451	7,565,174	3,405,871	2,185,927	194,587	-	64,280,029	8,662,554	502,785	90,577,266	88,601,405
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION Balance, beginning of year Add	-	62,100	4,115,103	1,515,467	898,720	117,256	-	45,442,364	3,961,631	232,628	56,345,269	53,702,923
Amortization during the year Less	-	15,957	132,730	180,724	98,292	13,203	-	1,347,746	189,082	32,945	2,010,679	2,720,825
Disposals in the year	-	-	-	79,819	12,504	-	-	2,820,999	-	-	2,913,322	78,479
Reclassification of tangible capital assets	_	-	_	87,731	(87,731)	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Balance, end of year		78,057	4,247,833	1,704,103	896,777	130,459	_	43,969,111	4,150,713	265,573	55,442,626	56,345,269
Net book value, beginning of year	3,738,392	159,351	3,340,487	1,605,416	1,184,195	59,368		17,291,039	4,700,923	176,965	32,256,136	32,976,542
Net book value, end of year	3,558,888	143,394	3,317,341	1,701,768	1,289,150	64,128	-	20,310,918	4,511,841	237,212	35,134,640	32,256,136

Schedule 3

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure

Year ended December 31, 2019

	General (Government		ection to and Property		portation rvices	Environ Servi		Health	Services
	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$
Revenues										
Taxation	7,673,331	7,362,708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government transfers	1,611,900	1,088,917	51,050	37,504	1,018,494	665,377	34,156	101,532	16,750	-
User fees and service										
charges	75,577	100,266	58,286	46,699	17,828	28,167	229,788	64,393	8,313	7,586
Donations	400 400	470.470	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues Interest income -	168,132	179,176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
general	131,683	106,596								
Rents and concessions	131,003	100,590	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Gain (loss) on disposal										
of tangible capital										
assets	(481,918)	47,875	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
	9,178,705	8,885,538	109,336	84,203	1,036,322	693,544	263,944	165,925	25,063	7,586
Expenses										
Salaries, wages and										
employee benefits	669,914	619,077	233,838	199,186	748,727	712,931	110,814	101,985	665	735
Materials	308,492	348,908	273,260	390,514	441,139	459,608	251,892	236,885	31,470	14,037
Contracted services	219,401	168,533	1,128,142	1,101,942	363,371	320,578	40,930	35,810	715,816	662,758
Rent and financials	-	-	-	-	13,979	20,762	-	-	-	-
External transfers to	(4.4.550)	(4.4.550)								
others	(14,550)	(14,550)	- 444 EEO	116 010	4 EG4 G44	- 2,149,712	- 455 044	154 205	2 200	2 200
Amortization	44,334	43,837	114,558	116,842	1,561,644	<u> </u>	155,014	154,305	3,399	3,399
	1,227,591	1,165,805	1,749,798	1,808,484	3,128,860	3,663,591	558,650	528,985	751,350	680,929
Annual surplus (deficit)	7,951,114	7,719,733	(1,640,462)	(1,724,281)	(2,092,538)	(2,970,047)	(294,706)	(363,060)	(726,287)	(673,343)

Schedule 3 (continued)

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure Year ended December 31, 2019

		al and Services		tion and Services		ing and opment		Total
	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$	2019 \$	2018 \$
Revenues								
Taxation	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	7,673,331	7,362,708
Government transfers	-	-	32,187	37,301	53,038	21,235	2,817,575	1,951,866
User fees and service				07.500	40.704	40 ===		0.40.440
charges	-	-	13,994	27,526	49,591	43,775	453,377	318,412
Donations	-	-	10,038	11,633	-	- 04 000	10,038	11,633
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	21,358	24,832	189,490	204,008
Interest income -							121 602	106,596
general Rents and concessions	-	-	- 210,147	217,695	-	-	131,683 210,147	217,695
Gain (loss) on disposal	-	-	210,147	217,095	-	-	210,147	217,093
of tangible capital								
assets	_	_	_	_	_	_	(481,918)	47,875
	-	-	266,366	294,155	123,987	89,842	11,003,723	10,220,793
Expenses								
Salaries, wages and								
employee benefits	-	-	317,967	298,431	145,688	121,355	2,227,613	2,053,700
Materials	-	-	360,087	428,634	36,400	31,009	1,702,740	1,909,595
Contracted services	-	-	10,317	10,539	26,295	76,019	2,504,272	2,376,179
Rent and financials	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,979	20,762
External transfers to								
others	914,366	889,722	-	-	-	-	899,816	875,172
Amortization	-	-	125,112	246,113	6,618	6,617	2,010,679	2,720,825
	914,366	889,722	813,483	983,717	215,001	235,000	9,359,099	9,956,233
Annual surplus (deficit)	(914,366)	(889,722)	(547,117)	(689,562)	(91,014)	(145,158)	1,644,624	264,560



Independent Auditor's Report

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P7B 5Z8

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board (the "Board"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board as at December 31, 2019, and its results of operations and accumulated surplus, its changes in net financial assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Board or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Canada May 12, 2020

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board **Statement of Financial Position** As at December 31 2019 2018 \$ \$ **FINANCIAL ASSETS** 5,623 5,910 Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable 3,126 2,739 8,362 **Total financial assets** 9,036 **LIABILITIES** Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 2,587 3,043 Deferred revenue 3,005 Total liabilities 5,592 3,043 **NET FINANCIAL ASSETS** 3,444 5,319 **NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS** Tangible capital assets - net [note 2] 64,127 59,368 Accumulated surplus [note 3] 67,571 64,687

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
	[note 4]		
REVENUES			
Province of Ontario operating grant	20,338	11,917	11,917
Province of Ontario one-time grants	-	4,633	6,658
Oliver Paipoonge operating subsidy	66,558	66,558	59,058
Other municipal provincial grants	-	8,421	8,421
Sundry	1,500	4,916	4,047
Ontario Library Association grants			
and reimbursements	-	2,324	1,755
Total revenues	88,396	98,769	91,856
EXPENSES			
Amortization	13,201	13,201	12,678
Minor equipment	-	3	1,675
Office	2,027	2,129	2,123
Professional fees	1,150	1,068	1,068
Salaries and benefits	65,576	70,192	66,460
Sundry	6,643	6,831	6,172
Telephone and fax	3,000	2,461	2,585
Total expenses	91,597	95,885	92,761
Annual surplus (deficit)	(3,201)	2,884	(905)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	64,687	64,687	65,592
Accumulated surplus, end of year	61,486	67,571	64,687

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board **Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets** Year ended December 31 2019 2019 2018 Budget Actual Actual \$ \$ [note 4] Annual surplus (deficit) 2,884 (905)(3,201)Acquisition of tangible capital assets (17,960)(13,833)Amortization of tangible capital assets 13,201 (13,201)12,678 Decrease in net financial assets (16,402) (1,875)(2,060)Net financial assets, beginning of year 5,319 7,379 Net financial assets, end of year 3,444 (16,402)5,319

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Statement of Cash Flows Year ended December 31 2019 2018 \$ \$ **OPERATIONS** 2,884 Annual surplus (deficit) (905)Non-cash charges Amortization of tangible capital assets 13,201 12,678 11,773 16,085 Net change in non-cash working capital balances Increase in accounts receivable (387)(91)Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (456)(1,965)Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue 3,005 (3,000)Cash provided by operating transactions 6,717 18,247 **CAPITAL** Acquisition of tangible capital assets (17,960)(13,833)Cash used in capital transactions (17,960)(13,833)Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during year 287 (7,116)Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 5,623 12,739 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year 5,910 5,623

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

GENERAL

The Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board is dedicated to providing community access to local and global information resources that support lifelong learning, research and leisure activities.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements of the Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board are prepared by management in accordance with accounting policies generally accepted for the local government sector as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of CPA Canada.

Accrual accounting

The Library uses the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes the effect of transactions and events in the period in which the transactions and events occur, regardless of whether there has been a receipt or payment of cash or its equivalent. It recognizes a liability until the obligation or conditions underlying the liability is partly or wholly satisfied and recognizes an asset until the future economic benefit underlying the asset is partly or wholly used or lost.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Library collection 3 to 10 years Furniture and equipment 3 to 5 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and cash on hand.

Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and accumulated surplus of the Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board.

Revenue recognition

User fees and other revenues are recognized when the services are performed or goods are delivered and there is reasonable assurance of collection.

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future or are the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the fiscal period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met including performance and return requirements, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's historical experience, best knowledge of current events and actions that the Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board may undertake in the future. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Cost		
Balance, beginning of year	176,623	162,790
Additions during the year	17,960	13,833
Balance, end of year	194,583	176,623
Accumulated amortization		
Balance, beginning of year	117,255	104,577
Amortization during the year	13,201	12,678
Balance, end of year	130,456	117,255
Net book value of tangible capital assets	64,127	59,368
3. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS		
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
General fund	3,444	5,319
Investment in tangible capital assets	64,127	59,368
Accumulated surplus	67,571	64,687

Oliver Paipoonge Public Library Board Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

4. BUDGET FIGURES

Public Sector Accounting Standards require a comparison of the results for the period with those originally planned on the same basis as that used for actual results. The fiscal plan in the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus has been adjusted to be presented on a consistent basis as actual results. Below is a reconciliation of the figures from the approved fiscal plan to the fiscal plan per the financial statements:

	Approved 2019 Budget \$	PSAB Adjustment \$	PSAB Adjusted Budget
Revenues	88,396	-	88,396
Expenses	88,396	3,201	91,597
Annual deficit	-	(3,201)	(3,201)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Add:	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	13,201	13,201
Increase in net financial assets	-	-	-

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Since December 31, 2019, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The Library shut down its services as of March 13, 2020 as per the directive of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge. While staff were allowed to remain on duty, only staff were allowed in the premises during the COVID-19 outbreak. All regular service to clients were put on hold during this time. As a result, revenue and fundraising did not take place during the shut down, impacting the 2020 budget. Staffing hours also were reduced slightly, impacting the salary budget.

The Library has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Library for future periods.

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Nor West Recreation Centre Schedule of Operations

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES			
Arena rental	143,500	145,674	146,028
Concession sales	25,000	8,891	18,299
Municipal contribution	41,049	65,450	57,496
Other	5,000	4,793	3,399
Total revenues	214,549	224,808	225,222
EXPENSES			
Concession supplies	16,000	7,978	11,322
Insurance and other contracted services	33,000	12,952	12,940
Repairs and maintenance	25,000	49,355	47,487
Supplies	3,500	2,212	_
Travel and convention	2,000	_	1,145
Utilities	78,500	95,731	84,734
Wages	56,549	56,580	67,594
Total expenses	214,549	224,808	225,222
NET DEVENUES			
NET REVENUES	_	_	

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Stanley Hill Cemetery Board Schedule of Operations

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES			
Sale of plots	4,000	3,389	7,935
Less portion transferred to the	-,	2,222	,,,,,,
Perpetual Care Trust Fund	_	(1,750)	(4,550)
	4,000	1,639	3,385
Transfer from trust fund	1,450	2,796	2,196
Fees		770	840
Other	8,500	9,801	9,646
Total revenues	13,950	15,006	16,067
EXPENSES			
Other	7,950	9,537	9,537
Wages	6,000	5,640	5,640
	13,950	15,177	15,177
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)	_	(171)	890



Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board ("the Board"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board as at December 31, 2019 and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Board in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Board's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Board's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Board to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Canada May 12, 2020 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	_	300
Due from The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge	55,890	55,590
Total financial assets	55,890	55,890
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	55,890	55,890
Accumulated surplus	55,890	55,890

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget \$	Actual \$	Actual \$
	[note 3]	Ψ	Ψ
REVENUES			
Contribution from The Corporation of the			
Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge	45,688	39,879	35,080
Province of Ontario	4,892	4,892	4,892
Fees and other revenue	_	181	698
Donations	1,000	1,733	1,373
Fundraising	500	1,542	1,071
Total revenues	52,080	48,227	43,114
EXPENSES			
Administration and utilities	18,480	11,824	12,546
Maintenance	3,000	1,121	424
Salaries	30,600	35,282	30,144
Total expenses	52,080	48,227	43,114
NET REVENUES	_		_
HET KEYENOLO			
Annual surplus	_	_	_
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	55,890	55,890	55,890
Accumulated surplus, end of year	55,890	55,890	55,890

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31	2019	2019	2018
	Budget \$ [note 3]	Actual \$	Actual \$
Annual surplus	_		<u> </u>
Increase in net financial assets	_		<u> </u>
Net financial assets, beginning of year		55,890	55,890
Net financial assets, end of year	_	55,890	55,890

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Annual surplus	_	_
Decrease in balance of due to The Corporation of the		
Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge	300	_
Cash provided by operating transactions	300	_
Decrease in cash during the year	300	_
Cash, beginning of year	300	300
Cash, end of year	_	300

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICY

These financial statements of the Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board are prepared by management in accordance with accounting policies generally accepted for the local government sector as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board ("PSAB") of the CICA. Since precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximations. These have been made using careful judgment. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

Basis of accounting

Revenues and expenses are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

The historical cost and accumulated amortization of capital assets are not recorded by the Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board. The capital assets acquired are reported by the Municipality on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

2. RESERVE FUND

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge holds a reserve fund for museum development in the amount of \$84,457 [2018 - \$72,757]. This reserve fund has not been reflected in the financial statements of the Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board.

3. BUDGET FIGURES

The budget figures are compiled from the 2019 fiscal year operating budget approved by the Oliver Paipoonge Museum Board.



Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Committee Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Trust Funds of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge ("the Municipality"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust Funds of The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge as at December 31, 2019 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.sig

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Thunder Bay, Canada May 12, 2020

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Trust Funds Statement of Financial Position

		2019	2018
Cemetery Perpetual Care	Quarry Rehabilitation \$	Total \$	Total \$
137,936	58,047	195,983	192,009
4,049	(100)	3,949	4,997
141,985	57,947	199,932	197,006
141,985	57,947	199,932	197,006
	Perpetual Care \$ 137,936 4,049 141,985	Perpetual Quarry Care \$ Rehabilitation \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Cemetery Perpetual Care \$ 137,936 Quarry Rehabilitation \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Trust Funds Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Year ended December 31 2019

Year ended December 31			2019	2018
	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Quarry Rehabilitation \$	Total \$	Total \$
REVENUES				
Plot sales and monument fees	1,750	_	1,750	4,550
Interest	2,796	1,177	3,973	3,120
	4,546	1,177	5,723	7,670
EXPENSES				
Administration fee	2,796	_	2,796	2,196
Annual surplus	1,750	1,177	2,927	5,474
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	•	56,770	197,006	191,532
Accumulated surplus, end of year	141,985	57,947	199,932	197,006

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Oliver Paipoonge Trust Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Annual surplus Increase (decrease) in balance due from The Corporation	2,927	5,474
of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge	1,047	(2,255)
Cash provided by operating transactions	3,974	3,219
Increase in cash during the year	3,974	3,219
Cash, beginning of year	192,009	188,790
Cash, end of year	195,983	192,009

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2019

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Corporation of the Municipality of Oliver Paipoonge administers a perpetual care trust fund for the future care of the cemetery. The cemetery provides internment services for the benefit of the citizens of Oliver Paipoonge.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICY

Basis of accounting

Capital receipts and income are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

Expenses are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes expenses as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.